

# A Riesz-Frechet theorem in Riesz spaces

Bruce A. Watson<sup>2</sup> with A. Kalauch and W. Kuo

University of the Witwatersrand

## Abstract

Let  $F$  is a Dedekind complete Riesz space with weak order unit and conditional expectation operator  $T$ . In addition we assume that  $T$  is strictly positive and that  $F$  is  $T$ -universally complete. We define  $E = L^2(T) := \{f \in F \mid f^2 \in F\}$ , where multiplication as as defined in the  $f$ -algebra  $F_u$ , the universal completion of  $F$ . The  $T$ -strong dual of  $L^2(T)$  denoted by  $\hat{E}$  consists of the maps  $\mathfrak{f} : L^2(T) \rightarrow R(T) := T(F)$  such that  $\mathfrak{f}$  is  $R(T)$ -homogeneous, order continuous and there exists  $k \in R(T)_+$  so that  $|\mathfrak{f}(g)| \leq k\|g\|_{T,2}$  for all  $g \in L^2(T)$ . Here  $\|g\|_{T,2} = \sqrt{T(g^2)}$  and the space  $\hat{E}$  has  $R(T)$  valued norm  $\|\mathfrak{f}\| := \inf\{k \in R(T)_+ \mid |\mathfrak{f}(g)| \leq k\|g\|_{T,2} \text{ for all } g \in E\}$ . We give a Riesz-Frechet theorem which provides an isometry between  $E$  and  $\hat{E}$ .

---

<sup>2</sup>Funded in part by the National Research Foundation of South Africa and CoE-MASS.